

Kovac's Indole Reagent

1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Indole kovac's reagent

CAS No.: N/A

Molecular Weight: N/A

Chemical Formula: N/A

Product Code : 25555

2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

CAS No.	Name	Percent
Not Applicable	Kovac's Indole Reagent	100

3. Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects

Hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant). Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. May cause eye injury.

Aggravated by Overexposure:

Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation leading to frequent attacks of bronchial infection. Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Fire: Not considered to be a fire hazard.

Explosion: Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

Fire Extinguishing Media: Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire.

Avoid direct contact of liquid with water.

Special Information: In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e.g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container.

7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area.

Protect against physical damage. Separate from acids and alkalis.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Airborne Exposure Limits: N/A

Ventilation System: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved): If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a half face piece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N95 or better filters) may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full-face piece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N100 filters) may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency, or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator.

Skin Protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or Coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Eye Protection: Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Pale Yellow Liquid

Odor: Aromatic Odor.

Solubility: Completely soluble in water.

Specific Gravity: 0.92 – 0.95

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F): N/A

Boiling Point: : About 85°C

Melting Point: No information found

Vapor Density (Air=1): No information found.

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): 10% Solution: No Information Found

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: No information available

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Incompatibilities: None

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, incompatibles.

11. Toxicological Information

No information found

12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate: No information found.

Environmental Toxicity: Potassium Hydroxide: TLm: 80 ppm/Mosquito fish/ 24 hr./ Fresh water

13. Disposal Considerations

Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

14. Transport Information

Not Regulated

15. Regulatory Information

SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes Fire: No Pressure: No

Reactivity: Yes (Pure / Liquid)

16. Other Information

Product Use:

Laboratory Reagent.